

THE TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF \pm -ISORETRONECANOL FROM PYRROLE⁺

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Summary: A total synthesis of \pm -isoretronecanol from pyrrole is described which uses several novel pyrrole reactions including an intramolecular nucleophilic displacement reaction on a toluenesulfonyl-activated pyrrole followed by reductive removal of the activating group.

Previous work from our laboratory has described the sulfonylation of pyrroles in the 2-position¹, the acid catalyzed isomerization of the resulting pyrrol-2-yl sulfoxides to the corresponding 3-isomers¹, the additive Pummerer chlorination of pyrrol-3-yl sulfoxides², the addition of pyrrol-1-yl anions to activated cyclopropanes to give 2-(pyrrol-1-yl)ethylmalonates³ and the cyclization of such malonates onto appropriately activated pyrrole rings³. In this communication we report the use of these five novel reactions in a sequence which leads to the total synthesis of \pm -isoretronecanol from pyrrole. Noteworthy in this synthesis is the use of the toluenesulfonyl substituent to activate a pyrrole ring to nucleophilic attack, followed by reductive removal of this activating group.

Thus, pyrrole was reacted with toluenesulfonyl chloride⁴ in methylene chloride to afford a mixture of the 2- and 3-toluenesulfonyl pyrroles (1) and (2) which was converted entirely to (2) by treatment with trifluoroacetic acid at 0°C¹. The sulfoxide (2) obtained in 45% yield was treated at -75°C with oxalyl chloride in the presence of sodium bicarbonate suspended in methylene chloride, and then oxidized with excess *m*-chloroperbenzoic acid to give 2-chloro-3-toluenesulfonylpyrrole (3) in 61% yield².

The anion of (3), formed with sodium hydride in dimethylformamide at 25°C, was treated with spiro[2.5]5,7-dioxo-6,6-dimethyloctan-4,8-dione⁵ at 60°C. Transesterification of the crude adduct thus formed with methanolic hydrogen chloride gave dimethyl 2-(2-chloro-3-*p*-toluenesulfonylpyrrol-1-yl)ethylmalonate (4) in 90% yield⁷. Formation of the corresponding malonate anion with sodium hydride in DMF followed by heating at reflux under argon gave an approximately 1:1 mixture of cyclized esters (5a) and (5b) in about 73% yield. While separation of the product mixture was difficult, this was not necessary, since basic hydrolysis and decarboxylation gave a single acid (5c)⁸ in 63% overall yield from (4). Reesterification with diazomethane gave monoester (5b)⁹ in 98% yield.

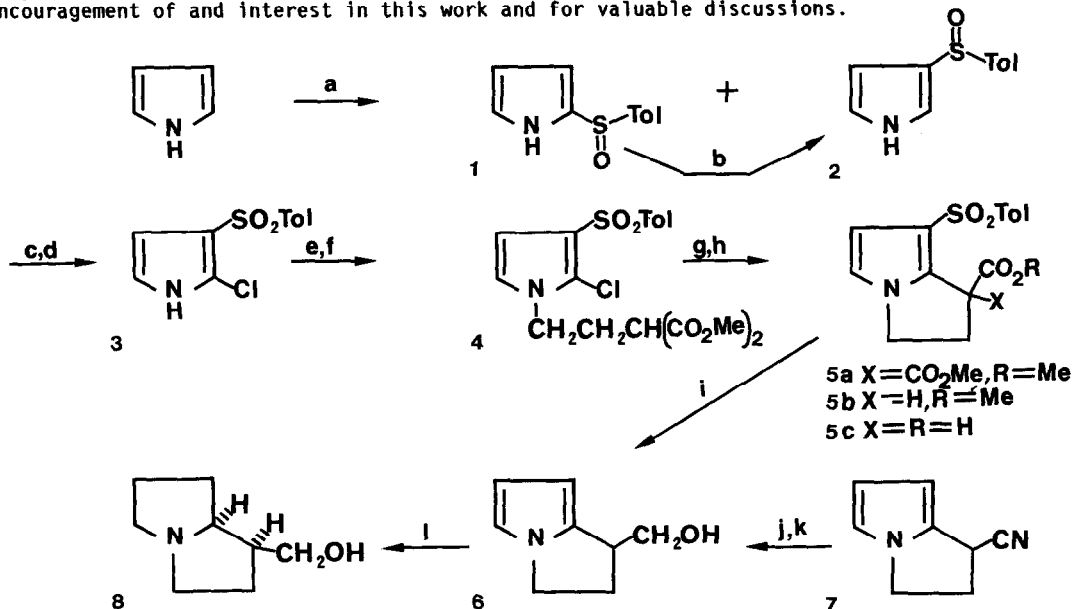
Treatment of 5b with excess lithium aluminum hydride in refluxing dioxane gave 1-hydroxymethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1.2.a]pyrrole (6) in 32% yield¹⁰, identical to the compound obtained in 94% yield by the basic hydrolysis and LAH reduction of the known⁶ 1-cyano-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1.2.a]pyrrole (7). Finally, hydrogenation of (6) with rhodium on alumina at one atmosphere gave \pm -isoretronecanol (8), identified as the picrate, mp 188-189°C, (lit. mp 189.5-190°C)¹¹.

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References and Notes

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- mp 85-87°C; IR: 1760, 1745, 1315, 1140 cm^{-1} ; NMR (300 MHz): 7.86 (d, 2H), 7.29 (d, 2H), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=3.3), 6.62 (d, 1H, J=3.3), 3.97 (t, 2H), 3.72 (s, 6H), 3.32 (t, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.30 (m, 2H); MS: 413, 415 (M⁺); Calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClNO}_6\text{S}$ (413.89): C, 52.24; H, 4.87; N, 3.38; Found: C, 52.21; H, 4.93; N, 3.39.
- mp 197-198°C; IR: 3465, 1735, 1280, 1120 cm^{-1} ; NMR: 7.75 (d, 2H), 7.31 (d, 2H), 6.84 (d, 1H, J=2.9), 6.37 (d, 1H, J=2.9), 4.06 (dd, 1H, J=9.2, 3.7), 4.00 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 1H), 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H); MS: 306 (M⁺); Calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (305.36): C, 59.00; H, 4.95; N, 4.59; S, 10.50; Found: C, 58.78; H, 4.97; N, 4.56; S, 10.65.
- mp 131-132°C; IR: 1745, 1294, 1122 cm^{-1} ; NMR: 7.79 (d, 2H), 7.26 (d, 2H), 6.63 (d, 1H, J=2.9), 6.50 (d, 1H, J=2.9), 4.28 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H); MS: 319 (M⁺); Calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ (319.38): C, 60.17; H, 5.37; N, 4.39; S, 10.04; Found: C, 60.21; H, 5.45; N, 4.28; S, 10.13.
- oil, IR: 3407 cm^{-1} ; NMR: 6.62 (dd, 1H, J=1.22, 2.54), 6.24 (t, 1H, J=2.54), 5.88 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 3.33 (m, 1H), 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.36 (m, 1H); MS: 137 (M⁺); HRMS: calcd. for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}$: 137.0841; Found: 137.0842.
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a. Toluenesulfinyl chloride, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°C; b. $\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°C; c. Oxalyl chloride, CH_2Cl_2 , NaHCO_3 , -78°C; d. m-chloroperbenzoic acid, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°C; e. NaH, DMF; spiro[2.5]5,7-dioxo-6,6-dimethyloctan-4,8-dione; f. MeOH, HCl, 0°C; g. NaH, DMF, reflux; h. NaOH, H_2O , MeOH; CH_2N_2 , CH_2Cl_2 ; i. LAH, dioxane, reflux; j. KOH, ethanol, H_2O ; k. LAH, THF, 25°C; l. $\text{Rh}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ H_2 1 atm.

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